

GOVERNMENT WON'T PAY FOR PAVING AROUND FEDERAL BUILDING

Relies Upon Exemption from Taxation to Escape Bearing Proportion of Cost of City Improvement.

UNCLE SAM PROVES ORIGINAL TIGHT WAD

That the people of the city of Albuquerque must pay for the pavement of that portion of Gold avenue and Fourth street in front of the new federal building, or it must remain unpaved, is the gist of a printed circular handed to Mayor Sellers this morning by Postmaster Hopkins.

Some time ago, when the city council ordered the paving of Gold avenue and Fourth street, the mayor wrote to Congressman Ferguson with the request that the congressmen take the matter up with the treasury department with a view to having the government pay for its proportion of the paving. Since there was sufficient money left of the appropriation for the building of the postoffice and no action of congress would be necessary to comply with the request, it was not thought there would be any difficulty in getting the government to do its part along with the other property owners on the streets in question.

Congressman Ferguson upon receiving the letter hurried over to the treasury department, presented the matter to one of the minor officials and was calmly turned down. "Nothing doing," said the deputy chief clerk of the sixteenth assistant secretary of the treasury. "We, the government of these United States, never pay anything that we can get out of. In fact, we rather pride ourselves on our ability to dodge our just debts and obligations."

"When we agreed to build the federal building in Albuquerque the state surrendered all sovereignty over the site. It also surrendered all right to levy taxes or assessments against the site or the buildings thereon and this surrender also operates to estop all county municipalities or school districts from levying taxes or taxing cost of improvements against the property of the United States."

"If the citizens of Albuquerque think a pavement is necessary in front of the federal building they may build it at their own expense, of course subject to our approval."

"It is true that there is some money left of the appropriation made by congress for the erection of buildings in Albuquerque, probably enough to pay for the paving necessary, but we do not propose to use it for that purpose since money is needed to investigate the knowledge possessed by the recently discovered blonde-haired Eskimos of the origin of the 'hell weevil.'

Congressman Ferguson was amazed as were also the mayor and the members of the city council when the news reached them. The congressman explained to the mayor and council that there was a precedent against spending the money of the government for street paving, although it was sometimes spent for sidewalks in front of federal buildings.

The mayor suggested that some time precedents were shattered and that a congressman who was a member of the all powerful majority in the house of representatives might get busy and shatter a few. Mr. Ferguson could not agree to this, so though it was pointed out to him that once upon a time a congressional delegate one W. H. Andrews, shattered a few precedents and secured \$29,000 in real money to help out his hometown, which happened to be Albuquerque, when the cash was needed to prevent the failure of a public enterprise in which the government had no interest.

It is estimated that the cost to the city of paving the street abutting on the federal building will be in the neighborhood of \$2,500. The city council has not as yet decided whether the work will be done at municipal expense or whether it will be left undone until such time as the council can take the matter up with the congressman to be elected next month or with one of the senators.

Albuquerque Foundry and Machine Works.

Engineers Founders Machinists Castings in Iron, Brass, Bronze, Aluminum, Structural Steel for Bridges and Buildings Works and Offices—Albuquerque, N. M.

SPECIAL PHOTO OFFER

As a special bid for your consideration and a continuance of your valuable patronage, the Erixon Studio, 115 South Second street, announces a special offer that will be revealed to you upon the presentation of the coupon printed below. Cut out and present at studio. Do it now.

LIMITED TIME COUPON.
Upon presentation at the Erixon Studio, 115 S. Second Street, bearer is entitled to an extra special value.
CUT THIS OUT!

FINEST DISTRICT SCHOOL IN COUNTY IS DEDICATED YESTERDAY

Beautiful Mission Style Building at Los Padillas, Costing Complete \$3,500 Scene of Exercises.

BEGINS NEW ERA IN EDUCATION IN DISTRICT

Costing with its \$500 worth of equipment a total of about \$3,500, with the most up-to-date methods of construction and the very latest work in up-to-date school equipment the new mission style district school building in Los Padillas district, ten miles south of the city, was dedicated with impressive and appropriate exercises yesterday afternoon in the presence of practically the entire population of the district.

In many ways this dedication was the most notable and important event in the history of the district, and it was quite evident that the people so regarded it.

The erection of this building, which would be a credit not only to the city of Albuquerque but to any city in the country, marks the beginning of a new deal in the education of the boys and girls in the south end of the county across the river.

Under the training of Prof. J. A. Lopez, principal, and Mrs. Cora Richards, primary teacher, the boys and girls rendered the program of the day splendidly and are entitled to the greatest credit.

The formal blessing of the school building by Rev. Father Docher, parish priest at Isleta, followed the opening hymn sung by the school children. Little Antonio Turrieta welcomed the visitors with an address in Spanish, following which was a welcome by the girls of the fifth grade. Another address in Spanish was made by Manuel Turrieta, after which the entire school sang "Marching Through Georgia," with zest and enthusiasm. The beautiful salute to the flag, and more songs by the boys and girls finished their part in the program. Addresses were made by Rev. Father Docher, by County Superintendent Atanacio Montoya, and by Prof. Lopez, with a few remarks by the director. Father Docher made a strong plea for better education for the boys and girls, pointing out that it is hard to be a really good Christian or a useful citizen without education. Father Docher is a most effective speaker and interspersed his more serious remarks with bits of humor that were much appreciated. Superintendent Montoya made an address to which his audience listened most closely and in which he told the people of the district eloquently all that the flag means and should mean to them and their children.

He pointed out that no people can rise higher in enlightenment or liberty or patriotism than the individual citizen and brought home to each one most forcibly the need of individual improvement. There was much in the superintendent's remarks to inspire and encourage both parents and pupils in their efforts toward progress.

Prolonged applause greeted the final praise of the superintendent and his fine efforts toward better things in education expressed by Prof. Lopez in a vigorous little speech to the crowd. The latter packed not only the main school room where the exercises were held, but the aisle room and vestibule and stood up on pews outside the windows to hear and see what was going on. It was a great day for Los Padillas, each child being dressed up in his or her best bib and tucker for the occasion.

The New Building.

The building has two large, high-ceilinged rooms lighted by batteries of windows nearly as high as the room, the windows being all on one side with transoms over each window,

opening upward, thus affording ideal lighting and ventilation without drafts or cross lights.

The modern green blackboards are used; metal ceilings are installed throughout, and the floors and finishing are all right up to date. Brand new patent coal stoves furnish the heating facilities.

There are new and commodious desks for teachers and pupils with all other equipment up to standard and the new facilities give the boys and girls about a thousand per cent better chance to get an education than in the old building, which was a narrow, dark one-room adobe in which the seventy-eight pupils of the district were packed like sardines.

On the exterior the building is strikingly handsome and picturesque, finished in the mission style with pebbledash stucco finish. A flight of concrete steps leads up through an arch to the main double entrance, which admits into a long cloak room communicating at each end with the classroom rooms. A metal flagstaff on top of the entrance arch flies Old Glory to the breeze—and a brand new flag was one of the features of the celebration yesterday.

The building was put up by Contractor Hawtale and Hicks in six weeks time, including a two foot and a half foundation and installing the bell. The election to vote the bonds was held July 1. The bonds were taken by a Denver house at 95 cents on the dollar, which is also a novelty, as in previous years the bonds used to be turned over to the contractors at less than cent discount. The Barrios school bonds also brought the same figure.

The directors of the district whose warm cooperation with Superintendent Montoya brought about this radical change in conditions are Francisco Turrieta, chairman; Jose Chaves y Apodaca and Nestor Sáenz.

PERRY S. HEATH IS INVESTIGATING NEW MEXICO

Washington Capitalist and Newspaper Man Studying Conditions in State With View to Possible Investment

Perry S. Heath of Washington, who came to Albuquerque yesterday left this morning in an automobile for the Estancia valley, accompanied by Col. W. S. Hopewell and W. H. Andrews. It is understood that the party may extend their journey into the Pecos Valley. The purpose of the trip is not known, but it is understood that Mr. Heath is looking into possible conditions in various parts of the state with a view to possible investment. None of the party care to discuss the purpose of the trip.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR AT SMALL COST

A Simple Remedy Beautifies the Hair, Cures Dandruff, Stops Falling Hair.

What a pity it is to see so many people with thin, wavy hair, faded or streaked with gray, and realize that most of these people might have soft, glossy, abundant hair of beautiful color and luster if they would but use the proper treatment. There is no necessity for gray hair under sixty-five years of age, and there is no excuse for anyone, young or old, having thin, straggly hair, either full of dandruff or heavy and rank smelling with excessive oil.

You can bring back the natural color of your hair in a few days and forever rid yourself of any dandruff and loose hairs, and make your hair grow strong and beautiful by using Witch's Sage and Sulphur Hair Balsam. For generations common garden Sage has been used for restoring and preserving the color of the hair, and Sulphur is recognized by scalp specialists as being excellent for treatment of hair and scalp troubles.

If you are troubled with dandruff or itching scalp, or if your hair is losing its color or coming out, get a tiny-soft bottle of Witch's Sage and Sulphur from your druggist, and notice the improvement in the appearance of your hair after a few days' treatment.—Adv.

THE TRUTH IN A NUTSHELL.

If Woodrow Wilson is elected—and it will be either Taft or Wilson, for Roosevelt cannot possibly be chosen—every manufacturer and business man will know on the morning of November 6 that the tariff will be radically changed.

There will then ensue many months of anxious waiting, during which time business men will call their working force and husband their resources against the blow that is sure to fall. When the new tariff law is enacted orders will be sent abroad for immense quantities of goods. The withdrawal of orders from American factories will cause every plant to shut down, force millions of men into idleness and line the sole tracks with empty cars.

In order to pay the bills of the foreign manufacturers, millions of dollars of American gold will have to be sent abroad. This will deplete the bank reserves, with consequent calling of loans and the sacrificing of securities in order to raise ready money. This means commercial and financial panic.

The prosperity of 1892 faded away in less than two years of Democratic administration under the Wilson tariff law. The prosperity of 1912, the climax of 16 years of Republican administration, will also speedily disappear if the Democratic party comes into power.

MRS. LARAMORE TELLS TROUBLES

Lady in Goodwater Describes Her Distressing Experience and Tells How She Was Finally Relieved.

Goodwater, Mo.—"Ever since I was a little girl," says Mrs. Riley Laramore, "I was a great sufferer from dyspepsia. I suffered misery after eating, and had terrible heartburn.

I thought I had to suffer this way as long as I lived, but when I began to take Thedford's Black-Draught, in small doses, every night, the heartburn was all gone in a few days, and I could eat without distress.

I took two small packages in all, and although that was some time ago, the dyspepsia has not returned.

I speak a good word for Thedford's Black-Draught whenever I have the opportunity."

If eating causes distress, we urge you to try Thedford's Black-Draught. It cleanses the system, helps the stomach to digest its food, regulates the bowels, and eliminates the liver.

It acts gently and is without bad after-effects. Try it. Price 25c.

LIGHT YOUR HOMES

Not with ill-smelling kerosene lamps, which are a source of danger from explosion, but install modern

ELECTRIC LIGHT

Now is the time to wire your houses---before the winter sets in. Ask our representative about our easy payment plan.

Albuquerque Gas, Electric Light and Power Company

PHONE 98